NATIONAL TRUST OF AUSTRALIA (TASMANIA)

ABN 98 258 180 740

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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STATEMENT BY BOARD

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of National Trust of Australia (Tasmania), the directors of the trust declare that:

- 1. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the trust will be able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- 2. The financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2013.

Director:

Dated:

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
INCOME		\$	\$
State Government - administration grant		312,325	312,325
Grants amortised	3	207,432	80,328
Grants received	4	204,750	217,119
Gross profit from trading	5	52,919	32,370
Other revenue	6	715,670	818,915
Fair value of additions to heritage collections at no cost	15	-	371,952
· ·		1,493,096	1,833,009
LESS EXPENDITURE			
Amortisation	16	22,331	20,777
Auditors' remuneration	7	25,840	18,290
Depreciation	15	93,143	99,104
Employee expenses	8	372,867	522,657
Grants expended	9	207,432	80,328
Interest and finance costs		17,648	19,206
Other expenses	10	905,707	1,023,838
		1,644,968	1,784,200
NET OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(151,872)	48,809
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Revaluations of properties	15	283,007	2,300,220
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	_	131,135	2,349,029

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITON FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	11	33,400	291,752
Trade and other receivables	12	7,646	107,340
Inventories	13	30,945	23,998
Other financial assets	14	382,998	331,488
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	454,989	754,578
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	15	15,386,542	15,193,520
Right-of-use assets	16 _	2,598	39,734
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	15,389,140	15,233,254
TOTAL ASSETS		15,844,129	15,987,831
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	4-		100 110
Borrowings Lease liabilities	17 18	98,503 9,517	190,419 26,211
Trade and other payables	19	104,800	148,925
Provisions	20	435,986	386,891
Contract liabilities	21	116,555	245,906
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	765,361	998,352
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	17	4,467	7,415
Lease liabilities	18	-	34,085
Provisions	20 _	<u> </u>	4,811
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,467	46,311
TOTAL LIABILITIES		769,828	1,044,663
NET ASSETS	_	15,074,301	14,943,168
EQUITY			
Reserves	22	5,495,068	5,211,533
Retained earnings	_	9,579,233	9,731,633
TOTAL EQUITY	_	15,074,301	14,943,167

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	Retained Earnings	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Specific Purpose Reserve	Total Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019 Effect of changes in accounting policy for:		9,384,718	2,855,606	727,905	12,968,230
Adjustment due to AASB 15 adoption Adjustment due to AASB 16 adoption		(24,092)		(350,000)	(350,000) (24,092)
Restated opening balance	-	9,360,627	2,855,606	377,905	12,594,139
Comprehensive income Surplus / (deficit) for the year		48,809			49.900
Other comprehensive income for the		46,609	-	-	48,809
year	22	-	2,300,220		2,300,220
Total comprehensive income for the year Other	-	48,809	2,300,220		2,349,029
Transfer to / (from) retained earnings		322,198	-	(322,198)	-
Total other		322,198	-	(322,198)	-
Balance at 30 June 2020	=	9,731,633	5,155,826	55,707	14,943,167
Balance at 1 July 2020 Comprehensive income		9,731,633	5,155,826	55,707	14,943,167
Surplus / (deficit) for the year		(151,872)	-	-	(151,872)
Other comprehensive income for the year	22	-	283,007		283,007
Total comprehensive income for the year Other	-	(151,872)	283,007		131,134
Transfer to / (from) retained earnings		(528)	_	528	_
Total other	_	(528)	-	528	-
Balance at 30 June 2021	- -	9,579,233	5,438,833	56,235	15,074,301

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers and members		295,329	357,193
Interest received		338	2,809
State Government grants - recurrent	(a)	429,447	343,557
Specific funded projects		292,546	196,380
Net GST refund/payment		22,006	(5,183)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(949,328)	(1,139,946)
Interest paid		(15,347)	(13,694)
Finance costs		(2,301)	(5,512)
Payments for specific funded projects		(228,175)	(80,328)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	28	(155,485)	(344,724)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment		-	5,645
Payments for property, plant & equipment		(3,476)	(6,054)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	_	(3,476)	(409)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		-	185,527
Repayment of borrowings		(94,865)	(3,033)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(4,526)	(24,306)
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	_	(99,391)	158,188
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		(258,352)	(186,946)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		291,752	478,698
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	28	33,400	291,752

⁽a) The July 2021 State Government quarterly funding was received by the Trust in June 2021. It shows as grants received in advance under Note 21.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The financial statements cover National Trust of Australia (Tasmania) (the Trust) as an individual entity. The Trust is a company (body corporate) with perpetual succession created under the National Trust Act 2006.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Trust.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and unless stated have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical cost, unless where stated.

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of National Trust Act 2006, the Australian Charities and Not for Profit Commission Act 2012 and Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The Trust has determined that it does not have profit generation as a prime objective. Consequently, where appropriate, the Trust has elected to apply options and exemptions within accounting standards that are applicable to not-for-profit entities. As a result this financial report does not comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

(a) Use of Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the applications of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(b) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the trust. See notes 15 and 20.

(c) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Government Grants

Grants received by the Trust to construct non-financial assets will be recognised as a liability, and subsequently recognised progressively as revenue as the Trust satisfies its performance obligations under the grant. Grants that are not sufficiently specific or those that are not enforceable will continue be to be recognised as revenue as soon as they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(b) Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is recognised at a point-in-time for admission charges, sale of goods and user fees. The performance obligations for these revenue items are satisfied when services or goods have been provided.

Revenue is recognised over time for rental income. The Trust typically satisfies its performance obligations in relation to rental income at the end of a period when they have provided the services to tenants.

(c) Finance Costs

Finance costs include interest and ancillary costs incurred in connection with interest-bearing liabilities. Finance costs are expensed as incurred.

(d) Income Tax

The Trust is exempt from income tax.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Trust's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statement.

(f) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at their amortised cost, less any expected credit losses. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

(g) Inventories

Stocks of brochures, catalogues and trading stock are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Where inventories are acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, the cost shall be current replacement cost as at date of aquisition.

(h) Other Financial Assets

The balance of other financial assets is comprised of the Restoration Fund bank accounts. These investments are materially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property

The Trust's freehold land and buildings are disclosed in the financial statements at fair value based on Valuer General valuations.

Depreciation is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the diminishing value method over the estimated useful life of the buildings, which has been estimated as 100 years. Land is not depreciated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont.)

Leasehold properties are disclosed at cost of improvements and represent properties leased at a nominal or no rental charge from the Department of Primary Industries and Water and Local Government Councils. The Trust presently intends to renew all other leases at their expiration date and to hold the properties in perpetuity, therefore it is difficult to calculate an appropriate time period over which to amortise the recorded cost of improvements. The resulting treatment is that these improvements are not amortised. In addition, during any given year restoration and repair work may be undertaken on these properties at a direct cost to the owner. Therefore the Trust will obtain future benefits from the work undertaken on the properties but will not capitalise the additional cost of these improvements.

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged to the income statement using the diminishing value method over the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated range of useful lives for plant and equipment is 2 to 14 years.

Heritage Collections

(i) Valuation basis

Heritage assets are recorded at fair value. Acquired items are added to the collection initially at cost. Where an item is acquired at no cost, or for nominal cost, the cost is its estimated fair value at acquisition. The difference between fair value at acquisition and any nominal cost is recognised as a contribution (income) in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of acquisition or recognition.

Heritage assets have an indefinite useful life and therefore are not depreciated.

(ii) Revaluations

Heritage assets are revalued on a periodic basis unless management or the Board consider the carrying amount of an asset or collections materially differ from attributed fair value, then it shall be revalued regardless of when the last valuation occurred. Only items registered in the collections are recognised for valuation purposes. Heritage assets are valued by independent valuers or by management and specialist staff.

(j) Impairment of Assets at Cost

The carrying amounts of the Trust's assets, other than inventories (see accounting policy 2(g)) are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, unless the asset has previously been revalued, in which case the impairment loss is recognised as a reversal to the extent of that previous revaluation with any excess recognised through profit or loss.

Impairment of receivables is not recognised until objective evidence is available that a loss event has occurred. The recoverable amount of other assets is the greater of their fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.) (j) Impairment of Assets at Cost (Cont.)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Impairment losses are reversed when there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist or there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount.

(k) Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded at amortised cost.

(I) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the Trust that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period at amortised cost. The balance is recognised as a current liability.

Trade and other payables are initially measured at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and fixed assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(n) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Trust's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits have been measured at the nominal amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus any related on-costs. Both annual leave and long service leave are recognised within the provisions liability.

Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

The employees of the Trust are entitled to long service leave after 10 years of service. The Trust provides for long service leave in respect of those employees having more than seven years service calculated at nominal amounts based on current wage and salary rates, including superannuation.

This provision provides an estimate of the long service leave liability not materially different from using expected future increases in wage and salary rates, including related on-costs, and discounting using the rates attached to the Commonwealth Government bonds at the balance sheet date which have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the Trust's obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(o) Restoration Fund Provision

The Trust administers monies on behalf of individual restoration appeals. Though conducted by and through the Trust, these appeals are in support of heritage places and items owned by other parties. For this reason, the monies are held separately by the Trust and a liability is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position to reflect that the Trust does not control the funds and must pay these amounts to third parties.

Administration fees are earned by the Trust from these appeals and recognised as revenue in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(p) Contingent Assets, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value. Contingent assets and liabilities are presented inclusive of GST receivable or payable respectively. Commitments are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. Commitments are disclosed at their nominal value and inclusive of the GST payable.

(q) Adoption of New and Amended Accounting Standards

AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Definition of Material

The amendments refine the definition of material in AASB 101 and are applicable for the year ended 30 June 2021. The amendments clarify the definition of material and includes guidance relating to obscuring information that could be reasonably expected to influence decisions of the primary users of the financial information. The amendments include additional guidance to the definition of material, gives it more prominence, and clarifies the explanation accompanying the definition of material. The adoption of the amendments has not had any significant impact on the Trust.

(r) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Trust. The Trust has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The Trust's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Trust but applicable in future reporting periods is set out below:

AASB 2017-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Correction, applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

The amendments address and acknowledge inconsistency between the requirements in AASB 10, and those in AASB 128 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

The board anticipates that the adoption of AASB 2017-5 will have no material impact to the Trust's financial statements.

All other Australian accounting standards and interpretations with future effective dates are either not applicable to the Trust's activities, or have no material impact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(s) Impact of COVID-19 on Financial Reporting for 2021

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted this financial report, which may be reflected in the comparability of some line items and amounts reported in the statements and/or the notes. The financial impacts are a direct result of either the Trust's response to the pandemic, or due to mandatory shutdowns as directed by the Australian Government and the advice from the Australian Government Department of Health and the Tasmanian Government.

(t) Capital Management

The Trust manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern. The Trust seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The capital structure of the Trust consists of debt, which includes interest bearing liabilities, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and equity comprising accumulated surplus and reserves.

Operating cash flows are used to maintain the Trust's property, plant and equipment and antique assets, as well as to make routine outflows such as the repayment of maturing debt.

There were no significant changes in the Trust's approach to capital management during the year.

(u) Going Concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Trust will be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

At 30 June 2021, the Trust had a negative working capital of \$310,372, a decline of \$66,598 from the prior year. Current liabilities included a bank overdraft balance of \$94,679 as per note 17. At 30 June 2021, the Trust's total overdraft limit was \$200,000, with the unused portion of the limit being \$105,321. The bank overdraft is payable on demand and is subject to annual review. However, the bank has advised that it will not consider an application to extend the current overdraft limit.

The operations of the Trust continue to be impacted by COVID-19. Constraints required by social distancing, access to volunteer support and the significant downturn in inter-state and overseas visitor numbers are negatively impacting revenue but not materially impacting expenditure.

These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that the Trust might be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Directors have reviewed the appropriateness of continuing to prepare the financial report on the going concern basis.

The Board resolved that it is appropriate to prepare the financial report on the basis that the Trust is a going concern, recognising that its future sustainability is dependent on the on-going financial support from the Tasmanian Government, currently secured through a triennial funding agreement and a one-off grant of \$330,000 (including GST) in 2022. The end date of the current triennial funding agreement is 31 October 2021, with a view that it will be renewed. The Board is also aware that the Trust is reliant on the bank overdraft to continue its operations. The Board has briefed the Minister for Heritage on its operations and financial situation and, in particular, the significant impacts of COVID-19 and reliance upon the State Government grant to remain viable.

		2021 \$	2020 \$
		·	•
3.	GRANTS AMORTISED	00= 400	22.222
	Capital Works Program grant	207,432	80,328
		207,432	80,328
4.	GRANTS RECEIVED		
	Home Hill Program - Devonport City Council	28,000	28,000
	Community grant - Latrobe Council	3,000	2,273
	Cash Flow Boost	-	96,846
	JobKeeper Payments	173,750	90,000
		204,750	217,119
_	TDADING OTATEMENT		_
5.	TRADING STATEMENT SALES		
	Sales	80,625	96,846
	LESS COST OF GOODS SOLD		
	Opening stock	23,998	43,363
	Purchases	34,653	45,111
	i di dilado	58,651	88,474
	Closing stock	30,945	23,998
		27,706	64,476
	GROSS PROFIT	52,919	32,370
_			
6.	OTHER REVENUE		
	Admissions	63,561	148,566
	Donations, bequests and sponsorship	23,897	4,543
	Gain on termination of lease Interest	37,532 338	- 2,809
	Net proceeds from function activities	18,150	23,155
	Rentals	46,832	54,077
	Subscriptions	37,688	31,964
	Sundry	13,232	38,329
	Profit on sale of non-current assets	-	5,645
	Insurance recoveries	20,581	-
	Volunteer services	453,859	509,827
		715,670	818,915
_	AUDITOROL DEMUNES ATION		
7.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION Auditing the financial statements	25,840	18,290
	, adding the interior statements		
		25,840	18,290

		2021 \$	2020 \$
8.	EMPLOYEES EXPENSES		
0.	Salaries and wages	338,482	476,316
	Workers compensation	3,354	5,583
	Superannuation	26,131	41,355
	Employee provisions	4,900	(597)
		372,867	522,657
9.	GRANTS EXPENDED		
٥.	Capital Works Program grant	207,432	80,328
	Capital Works Frogram gram	207,432	80,328
10.	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Accounting	31,055	22,970
	Advertising	10,233	15,605
	Bookkeeping	39,475	50,450
	Bank expenses	5,311	5,660
	Borrowing expenses	60	155
	Cleaning	5,861	8,095
	Computer costs	18,255	20,648
	Conservation expenses	4,112	20,725
	Consultancy	50,551	57,242
	Exhibition expenses	6,010	13,651
	FBT expense	7,291	-
	Insurance	61,206	59,431
	Legal costs	14,429	3,131
	Levies - ACNT/INTO	1,053	1,144
	Licencing costs	1,664	1,609
	Light, water and power	27,149	46,468
	Loss on sale of non-current assets	-	5,797
	Maintenance of grounds	9,996	31,829
	Member expenses	18,804	7,968
	Postage	583	815
	Printing and stationery	1,476	6,019
	Rates and land taxes	16,226	20,333
	Rent	1,912	2,026
	Repairs	31,752	19,790
	Security	25,000	23,840
	Seminar and meeting expenses	5,689	13,628
	Special project - This Place Matters	20,418	-
	Sundry	3,827	12,846
	Telephone	7,553	11,019
	Travelling and motor vehicle expenses	11,018	17,762
	Volunteer expenses	467,738	523,182
		905,707	1,023,838

			2021 \$	2020 \$
11.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank	_ =	33,400 33,400	291,752 291,752
12.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES CURRENT			
	Trade receivables Sundry debtors Goods and services tax		7,646 - - - 7,646	10,254 84,696 12,390 107,340
13.	INVENTORIES At cost: Stock on hand	_	30,945	23,998
14.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Accrued income Restoration account	27	6,750 376,248 382,998	331,488 331,488
15.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Buildings at fair value Land at fair value	_	7,025,650 3,790,600 10,816,250	7,222,000 3,381,500 10,603,500
	Leasehold premises at cost	_	16,314	16,314
	Plant and equipment at cost Less accumulated depreciation	 	417,793 (266,751) 151,042	414,634 (243,864) 170,770
	Heritage collections at fair value Total property, plant and equipment		4,402,936 15,386,542	4,402,936 15,193,520
	i otal property, plant and equipment	_	10,000,072	10, 190,020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT.)

	Freehold	Premises	Leasehold	Plant &	Heritage	
	Land	Buildings	Premises	Equipment	Collections	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Movement in carrying a	mounts					
Movements in the carrying	g amounts fo	r each class c	of property, pla	ant and equipm	ent.	
Carrying amount at 1						
July 2019	2,806,000	5,569,500	16,314	197,397	4,030,984	12,620,195
Additions	-	-	-	6,054	371,952	378,006
Depreciation	-	(72,220)	-	(26,884)	-	(99,104)
Disposals	-	-	-	(5,797)	-	(5,797)
Revaluations	575,500	1,724,720				2,300,220
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	3,381,500	7,222,000	16,314	170,770	4,402,936	15,193,520
Carrying amount at 1 July 2020	3,381,500	7,222,000	16,314	170,770	4,402,936	15,193,520
Additions	-	-	-	3,158	-	3,158
Depreciation	-	(70,257)	-	(22,886)	-	(93,143)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	409,100	(126,093)				283,007
Carrying amount at 30 June 2021	3,790,600	7,025,650	16,314	151,042	4,402,936	15,386,542
	•				-	

⁽i) The Trust began a project in 2019 of recognising previously unrecorded Heritage Collection assets, which are being recorded at their fair value on recognition. This has resulted in substantial increase to the Heritage Collections.

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS			Property \$	Plant & Equipment \$	Total \$
July 2019 -	16.				
Adoption of AASB 16 Additions Disposals Amortisation expense Closing balance at 30 June 2020 Copening balance at 1 July 2020 Additions Additions Additions Additions Additions Adjustment 51,407 9,104 60,511 60,5		•	-	_	_
Disposals Amortisation expense Closing balance at 30 June 2020 Opening balance at 1 July 2020 Additions Adjustment			51,407	9,104	60,511
Amortisation expense (17,135) (3,642) (20,777) Closing balance at 30 34,272 5,462 39,734 Opening balance at 1 July 2020 34,272 5,462 39,734 Additions - - - Adjustment - 2,332 2,332		Additions	-	-	-
Closing balance at 30 June 2020 34,272 5,462 39,734 Opening balance at 1 July 2020 Additions Adjustment 34,272 5,462 39,734 Adjustment - - - -			-	-	-
June 2020 34,272 5,462 39,734 Opening balance at 1 July 2020 34,272 5,462 39,734 Additions - - - Adjustment - 2,332 2,332			(17,135)	(3,642)	(20,777)
July 2020 34,272 5,462 39,734 Additions - - - Adjustment - 2,332 2,332		_	34,272	5,462	39,734
Additions Adjustment - 2,332 2,332		Opening balance at 1			
Adjustment - 2,332 2,332		July 2020	34,272	5,462	39,734
·			-	-	-
Lilendeale			-	2,332	2,332
·		Disposals	- (47 425)	- (E 406)	- (22 224)
Amortisation expense (17,135) (5,196) (22,331) Termination of lease (17,136) - (17,136)				(5,196)	
Closing balance at 30			(17,130)	<u> </u>	(17,130)
June 2021 - 2,598 2,598				2,598	2,598

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 \$	2020 \$
17.	BORROWINGS		
	CURRENT		
	Bank overdraft - secured	94,679	185,527
	Asset purchase liability	2,949	2,792
	Credit card	875_	2,100
	Total current borrowings	98,503	190,419
	NON-CURRENT		
	Asset purchase liability	<u>4,467</u>	7,415
	Total borrowings	102,970	197,834

⁽a) The bank overdraft is secured by a first registered mortgage over Franklin House, Launceston. The bank overdraft is payable on demand and is subject to annual review. At 30 June 2021 the unused limit of the bank overdraft is \$105,321.

18. LEASE LIABILITIES

18.	LEASE LIABILITIES			
		Minimu	m Lease Payments	Due
		Within 1 Year	1-2 Years	Total
	As at 30 June 2020			
	Lease payments	29,818	34,984	64,802
	Finance charges	(3,607)	(898)	(4,506)
	Net present value	26,211	34,085	60,296
	As at 30 June 2021			
	Lease payments	9,742	-	9,742
	Finance charges	(225)	-	(225)
	Net present value	9,517		9,517
19.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	CURRENT		60.700	404.040
	Trade creditors		68,790	104,910
	Other creditors Withholding taxes payables		3,239	2,340
	Superannuation payable		5,284 6,494	6,273 9,131
	Accrued expenses		15,389	26,271
	Goods and services tax		5,604	20,271
	Goods and services tax			440.005
			104,800	148,925
20.	PROVISIONS			
	CURRENT			
	Provision for holiday pay		43,162	40,366
	Provisions for long service leave		26,137	19,222
	Restoration fund	27	366,687	327,303
			435,986	386,891

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 \$	2020 \$
20. PR	OVISIONS (CONT.)		
	NON-CURRENT		
	Provision for long service leave	-	4,811
		-	4,811
	Number of employees on a FTE basis at year-end	4.76	4.91
(a)	Reconciliation of Restoration Fund		
	Balance at beginning of the financial year	327,303	314,856
	Amounts received	81,127	60,580
	Amounts used	(41,743)	(48,133)
	Balance at the end of the financial year	366,687	327,303
21.	CONTRACT LIABILTIES		
21.	Capital Works Program Grant	38,474	245,906
	State Government - administration grant	78,081	243,300
	g.c	116,555	245,906
22	DECEDVEC		
22.	RESERVES Asset Revaluation Reserve		
(α)	The asset revaluation reserve records		
	revaluations of non-current assets.	5,438,833	5,155,826
(b)	Specific Purpose Reserve		
	The specific purpose reserves set aside funds		
	for specific purposes and general funds available to fund Trust activities.	56,235	55,707
	available to fulful frust detivities.	30,233	33,707
	Total reserves	5,495,068	5,211,533
(c)	Analysis of items of Other Comprehensive Income by Each Class of Reserve:		
	Asset revaluation reserve	202 225	0.000.000
	Revaluation of properties Movement in asset revaluation reserve	283,007 283,007	2,300,220 2,300,220
	Total other comprehensive income for the year	283,007	2,300,220
	Total other comprehensive modification the year	200,007	2,000,220

23. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no events occurring after the reporting date that would materially effect any of the amounts or disclosures in these accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021 2020 \$ \$

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Parties

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel has been determined to include all Directors. Non-executive directors do not receive remuneration, however receive reimbursement of expenses where incurred on Trust business.

(b) Non-executive directors are:

Louise Wilson
Philip Mussared
Nicholas Heyward
Hamish Maxwell-Stewart
Catherine Walker
Claire Baker

(Appointed 26 October 2020)

(c) Transactions with related parties

Throughout the 2021 financial year there were no related party transactions.

The Managing Director's remuneration is:

Short term employee benefits Salary	1	100,000	100,000
Post employment benefits Superannuation	2	7,819	9,500
Other long term benefits Non-monetary benefits	3	8,156	9,346
Total Managing Director remuneration	-	115,975	118,846

¹ Gross salary includes all forms of consideration paid and payable for services rendered, compensated absences during the period and salary sacrificed amounts.

² Superannuation is the contribution to the superannuation fund of the individual.

³ Other non-monetary benefits include annual and long service leave movements and non-monetary benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021 2020 \$

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Trust's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, and leases.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 7 Financial Instrument: Disclosures and AASB 9 Financial Instruments as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other financial assets	33,400 7,646 382,998	291,752 107,340 331,488
Total Financial Assets	424,044	730,580
Financial Liabilities Trade and other payables Interest bearing loans and borrowings Lease liabilities	104,800 102,970 9,517	148,925 197,834 60,296
Contract liabilities	116,555	245,906
Total Financial Liabilities	333,842	652,961

Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the Trust is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk and other price risk.

There have been no substantive changes in the types of risks the Trust is exposed to, how these risks arise, or the Board's objectives, policies and processes for managing or measuring the risks from the previous period.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Trust if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from trade and other receivables and cash and investments.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents the Trust's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account or any collateral of other security.

The Trust's policy in relation to receivables is summarised below.

Debtors of the Trust are required to settle their accounts within 30 days. Debtors may apply to the Trust to pay accounts by instalments, subject to approved terms and conditions. Should amounts remain unpaid outside of approved payment options, the Trust will instigate collection proceedings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021 \$	2020 \$
25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.) (a) Credit Risk (Cont.)		
Credit risk exposures		
Not past due Past due 1 - 30 days Past due 31 - 60 days Past due 61+ days	4,673 1,024 259 1,690	4,464 773 - 5,017
	7,646	10,254

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Trust's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

The following tables detail the discounted cash flows payable to the Trust (excluding interest) by remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis

	Within 1 Year	
Financial liabilities due for payment		
Trade and other payables	104,800	148,925
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	98,503	190,419
Lease liabilities	9,517	26,211
Contract liabilities	116,555	245,906
Total contractual outflows	329,375	611,461
Total expected outflows	329,375	611,461
Net (outflow)/inflow on financial instruments	(329,375)	(611,461)
	1 to 5 Years	
Financial liabilities due for payment		
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	4,467	7,415
Lease liabilities	<u> </u>	34,085
Total contractual outflows	4,467	41,500
Total expected outflows	4,467	41,500
Net (outflow)/inflow on financial instruments	(4,467)	(41,500)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021	2020
\$	\$

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

(b) Liquidity Risk (Cont.)

Total	
104,800	148,925
102,970	197,834
9,517	60,296
116,555	245,906
333,842	652,961
333,842	652,961
(333,842)	(652,961)
	104,800 102,970 9,517 116,555 333,842 333,842

(c) Market Risk

Interest rate risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Trust's exposure to changes in interest rates, exchange rates and commodity and equity prices. The table indicates the impact on how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

		Profit	Equity
Year ended 30 June 2020 +/- 1% in interest rates	+/-	939	939
Year ended 30 June 2021 +/- 1% in interest rates	+/-	696	696

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

(c) Market Risk (Cont.)

Fair Values

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the Statement of Financial Position, are as follows:

	2021	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	33,400	33,400
Trade and other receivables	7,646	7,646
Other financial assets	382,998	382,998
Total financial assets	424,044	424,044
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	104,800	104,800
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	102,970	102,970
Lease liabilities	9,517	9,517
Contract liabilities	116,555	116,555
Total financial liabilities	333,842	333,842
	2020)
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	291,752	291,752
Trade and other receivables	107,340	107,340
Other financial assets	331,488	331,488
Total financial assets	730,580	730,580
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	148,925	148,925
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	197,834	197,834
Lease liabilties	60,296	60,296
Contract liabilities	245,906	245,906
Total financial liabilities	652,961	652,961

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

26. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Trust measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis after initial recognition.

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation Techniques

The Trust selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Trust are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- Income approach: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- Cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Trust gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021 2020 \$ \$

26. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT.)

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy (Cont.)

The following tables provide the fair values of the Trust's assets and liabilities measured and recognised on a recurring basis after initial recognition and their categorisation within the fair value hierarchy:

LEVEL 1		
Recurring	fair value	meas

Recurring fair value measurements		
Non-financial assets Heritage collections	59,089	59,089
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value on a recurring basis	59,089	59,089
LEVEL 2		
Recurring fair value measurements Non-financial assets		
Land	3,790,600	3,381,500
Heritage collections	1,025,450	1,025,450
Buildings	7,025,650	7,222,000
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value on a recurring basis	11,841,700	11,628,950
LEVEL 3 Recurring fair value measurements Non-financial assets Heritage collections	3,318,397	3,318,397
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value on a recurring basis	3,318,397	3,318,397
TOTAL Recurring fair value measurements Non-financial assets		
Land	3,790,600	3,381,500
Heritage collections	4,402,936	4,402,936
Buildings	7,025,650	7,222,000
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value on a recurring basis	15,219,186	15,006,436

(b) Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Measure Level 2 Fair Values

Land and building fair values are based on Valuer-General valuations as stated on the annual Council rates notices issued for the 2020-2021 rating year. The land values disclosed on the rating notices were revalued in 2020-2021 by application of Valuer-General land adjustment factors issued in February 2021. The building values calculated from the rating notices were revalued by application of Valuer-General capital adjustment factors issued in February 2019.

Fair values of heritage collections have been determined using purchase prices and valuations based on market values from registered valuers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021 2020 \$ \$

26. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT.)

(b) Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Measure Level 2 Fair Values (Cont.)

There were no changes during the period in the valuation techniques used by the Trust to determine Level 2 fair values.

(c) Valuation Techniques and Unobservable Inputs Used to Measure Level 3 Fair Values

Heritage collections are valued using unobservable inputs. These include auction prices of similar items as well as estimates based on valuations undertaken by a certified valuer on similar or the same assets.

27. COMMITMENTS

Restoration appeal trust funds

The Trust administers appeal monies on behalf of individual restoration appeals. The Trust must approve expenditure before any appeals monies are paid. The level of appeals monies held as at balance date totalled \$366,687 (2020: \$327,303) as per note 20. The timing of expenditure of these funds is generally expected to be less than one year.

The total cash held at balance date to meet these commitments was \$376,248 (2020: \$331,488) as per note 14. These funds are held on behalf of external parties and do not represent funds controlled by the Trust.

28. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

Cash at the end of financial year as included in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	33,400	291,752
11	33,400	291,752
(b) Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities to	surplus / (deficit)	
Surplus / (deficit) for the period	(151,872)	48,809
Non-cash flows in profit:		
Amortisation	22,331	20,777
Depreciation	93,143	99,104
(Profit) / loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	152
(Gain) / loss on termination of lease	(37,532)	-
Fair value of additions to heritage collections at no cost	-	(371,952)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) / decrease in receivables & other assets	80,554	(69,818)
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	(6,947)	19,365
Increase / (decrease) in payables & other liabilities	(160,063)	(90,565)
Increase / (decrease) in employee provisions	4,900	(597)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	(155,484)	(344,724)

		2021 \$	2020 \$
28. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT.)			
(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from finand Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	cing activities		
Opening balance		197,835	15,341
Changes from financing cash flows:			
Cash received		- (0.4.00.5)	185,527
Cash payments	_	(94,865)	(3,033)
Closing balance		102,970	197,835
Balance at year end	17	102,970	197,835
Lease liabilities			
Opening balance		60,296	-
Adjustment due to AASB 16 adoption		<u> </u>	84,602
Restated opening balance		-	84,602
Other movement:			
Termination of lease		(43,952)	-
Changes from financing cash flows:			
Cash payments		(6,827)	(24,306)
Closing balance		9,517	60,296
Balance at year end	18	9,517	60,296